

Daily Eagle

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25-VAUDEVILLE ACTS-25

Tonight

Musketeers

Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

From Anthony, Kansas.

W. W. Taylor, county clerk of Harper county, says that Durand's Black Witch Compound cured him of stomach trouble when all other medicines failed. Hundreds of others testify to the same. Send postoffice order for one dollar and try it.

FRANK M. DURAND,

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75-31 run-sum-to.

A Peerless Trio

of solid through express trains daily via the Nickel Plate road between Chicago, St. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York City, Boston and intermediate points. Service and equipment among the best, rates lower than via other lines. The shortest route between Chicago and Buffalo. Uniformed colored porters attend the wants of passengers in day coaches.

1-3 run-sum-to 2-25

Exchange Stables.

Exchange stables at Orlando and Sull- water. Make a specialty of carrying passengers between these points. Also do a general livery business. Traveling men's patronage solicited.

SHIVELY, VAN WYKE & SHIVELY.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The Cardinal Points

In favor of the Nickel Plate road are safe and easy roadway, fine trains, luxurious equipment and fast time. These combined with a specialty of carrying passengers sleeping and dining car service make the Nickel Plate road a desirable route between Chicago, St. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York City, Boston and all points east. The traveling public already know that the rates via this road are lower than other lines.

1-3 run-sum-to 2-25

Burst Insurance Company Settles.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14.—The fourth and final account of Francis Shunk Brown and the Land and Trust company of this city, assignees of the Order of Tontine, which failed May 13, 1894, has been filed in court here. The balance for distribution to the members of the defunct order is \$36,000, or a little over 3 per cent on approved claims. The aggregate of claims against the order was \$2,000,000, divided among more than 14,000 members.

"I had dyspepsia for years. No medicine was so effective as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It gave immediate relief. Two bottles produced marvelous results," writes L. H. Warren, Albany, Wis. It cures what you eat and cannot fail to cure. Gus Saur, 224 E. Douglas, Geo. Van Warden, 228 N. Main St.

Canal Treaty Not Taken Up.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The senate committee on foreign relations resumed its regular meeting today, but did not take up the Hay-Panama treaty. This failure was due to the fact that the committee having the treaty under consideration was not prepared to submit its report.

W. S. Philoit, Albany, Ga., says, "De Witt's Little Early Riders did me more good than any pills I ever took." The famous little pills for constipation, biliousness and liver and bowel troubles. Gus Saur, 224 E. Douglas, Geo. Van Warden, 228 N. Main St.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 14.—S. C. Cunningham, Omaha agent of the Pabst Brewing company, and the champion tennis player of Nebraska, died today from the effects of cholera. He was in about to start on an operation. Heart trouble is assigned as the cause.

Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M., Grand Chapter R. A. M. and Grand Council R. S. M., held at Topeka, Kan., February 12-13.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe made a rate of one cent for the round trip. Tickets on sale February 12 to 14 inclusive, good to return until and including February 24, 1899. Trains leave Wichita Union Depot 11:30 a. m., 3:30 p. m. and 9:30 p. m. For further information call on L. H. DELANEY, Telephone 129. Agent.

LEPER, BUT A HERO

How John Whey Voluntarily Went to Molokai

WHENCE IS NO RETURN

And Where Abounds All Unutterable Loathsomeness.

New York, Feb. 14.—Special correspondence of the Sunday World from Honolulu, under date of January 25, relates the story of a heroic leper as follows: Sixteen years ago John C. Whey landed at Honolulu from a sailing vessel, young, strong and ambitious. He settled in the prosperous island community to make his fortune, and for years worked hard at his trade as a carpenter. He became a prosperous contractor. Now, with an income of over \$300 a month, he is a money-king of a leper settlement, only living out the days that must elapse before the most dreadful of human diseases shall and his wretched end.

Whey went to San Francisco in 1893. It was in that year that he began to suspect that he had fallen a victim of the malarial fever so prevalent in the Hawaiian Islands, but now, thanks to Anglo-Saxon methods of quarantine, very seldom seen away from the island of Molokai.

One night Whey lifted a hot lampglass in his home, where he was entertaining a friend. The glass was so hot that smoke rose from his scorched fingers, and the friend uttered an exclamation of horror, but Whey showed no signs of having felt the pain. He saw the smoke. It was a grim confirmation of his worst suspicions. The thickening skin that comes with the first advance of leprosy could not leave been shown in a startling manner. The friend thought nothing of it at the time, but John Whey knew what it meant.

After that night Whey shunned his friends. He was seen walking along the water front of San Francisco, with his hat over his eyes, buried in thought. He avoided speaking to any one. A close observer might have seen, perhaps, that his eyelids were thicker than they should have been, and that his fingers were thick and shiny. Whey was contemplating the step he finally took of placing himself under the guards that hem in the thousands of more lepers of Molokai.

It was a terrible step to consider. In all the world there is probably no more heart's place to live than in a leper settlement, where among a thousand companions there is not one with the hope that belongs to the average man, where all are familiar with the deepest despair and not a few are such spectacles as no man likes to think of.

Many have committed suicide rather than go to Molokai. Others have risked death to escape from there. In the wilds of Hawaii there is a canyon in which live a few lepers, who guard the approach to their resort with guns, lest they be arrested and moved to the settlement. They are not molested, as they are harmless to the world, and may as well be allowed to live out their wretched existence in the spot they have chosen.

It was to Molokai that Whey finally decided to go. He returned to Honolulu, surrendered himself and was taken to the settlement. But for his horrible condition, Kaunapali, the Molokai leper settlement, is one of the most lovely spots in the world. Its climate is unsurpassed, its scenery grand. But these beauties are lost in contemplation of the horror of the place.

The lepers live and love, marry and raise children, like human beings in the outside world. They even have their entertainments and their industries, but the pall is never absent. The old cry, "Room for the leper!" has not been given up yet, though now civilized men provide a room and try to alleviate the suffering rather than run from it.

"When I knew when I set foot on Molokai that he had not the slightest chance of leaving the place. No earthly circumstance can be conceived under which he could ever expect to tread any other soil than that of the leper colony. He built a home here, and with the courage of a man who refuses to yield to anything but death itself he took it again his occupation of contractor.

He is at Molokai yet. He has a home, with servants, lepers all, but is still property owner in Honolulu. He will never see any of his relatives or former friends again. As for as they are concerned he is dead. But in fact he is living on, with a noble courage that defies all the world can do to down a man.

One of his workmen's tools is supposed to have carried the germs of leprosy to Whey. He was in the habit of working in his own shop, and frequently used the same tools as the other men. A case of leprosy developed among his employees, and the man was sent to Molokai, followed later by his employer.

NO HURRY ABOUT LETTING GO

Ladlow Deems Military Rule Necessary for at Least Five Years.

New York, Feb. 14.—In the course of an interview with a Commercial-Advertiser reporter today, Brigadier General William Ludlow, military governor of Havana, who arrived from Cuba last night, said: "After the municipal elections, which are set for May, have been held

VIN MARIANI

Mariani Wine—World Famous Tonic

DOCTORS' OPINIONS:

"It is not only the most effective of all tonics, but at the same time the most agreeable to the system."

"Hasn't its equal in Malaria, Weak Blood, Influenza (La Grippe), Consumption and Stomach Troubles."

Sold by all Druggists. Refuse Substitutes.

and the new elective ayuntamientos have been organized, I think it quite possible that the expense of maintaining United States troops in the island can be materially reduced."

As to the probable duration of American occupation of Cuba General Ludlow said: "I do not think that at this time any one believes the population of this island, with its entire inexperience and a formidable percentage of illiteracy, to be capable of maintaining a stable and responsible government. All I believe, as assent to the present necessity for the continuance of the American occupation, but they want this, while it shall continue to be fundamentally a military control and not a civil control. In Havana it is recognized that some time, several years, will be needed to organize a complete insular government, and I have heard five years spoken of as a reasonable period for this purpose. It all depends upon the Cubans themselves and upon the aptitude and conscientiousness they shall exhibit in the untiring and perilous field of political administration."

For all sores, ulcers, wounds, burns and skin diseases—Berg's German Salve, the famous pile cure. C. H. Liddell, Nevada, Mo., says: "It gave me immediate relief from piles and effected a permanent cure." A guaranteed remedy, endorsed by physicians. J. P. Allen, Dockum & Higginson, Geo. Van Warden.

Decision on Porto Rican Duties

New York, Feb. 14.—The board of classification of the United States general appraisers today announced a decision in the Porto Rico tariff case of Moore Bros. and John H. Goetz & Co., plaintiffs, who claimed that Porto Rico is already a part of the United States and that no duties can be levied on goods from there. The board unanimously overrules their claim so far as it relates to goods imported while the military occupation lasts.

An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"During the early part of October, 1898, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient state. I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something which I could not. I became alarmed and after giving the local doctor a trial brought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and took it. It was immediately improved, and after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state."—R. S. Edwards, publisher of The Review, Wyand, Ill. For sale by druggists.

Calkins Hardly an Expansionist

Stanford University, Cal., Feb. 14.—Lieutenant Commander Calkins, of the Olympia, lectured here last night, his subject being "Cromwell's Quest of Colonial Empire." Although the Philippines were mentioned but once in the course of the lecture, Mr. Calkins' lecture was immediately his subject was an analogous case. The officer is evidently not in favor of expansion, although he was conservative in his remarks.

"After doctors failed to cure me of pneumonia I used One Minute Cough Cure and three bottles of it cured me. It is also the best remedy on earth for whooping cough. It cured my grandchild, the worst case," writes John Perry, Logan, Pa. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Cures coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. Children always like it. Mothers endorse it. Gus Saur, 224 E. Douglas, Geo. Van Warden, 228 N. Main St.

HEARING ON ARMY CANTEN

Chaplain Wells Raises a Storm by Naming Drunken Officers

Washington, Feb. 14.—At the hearing on the subject of the army "canten" before the house committee on military affairs today, Captain Frank M. Wells, lieutenant of the First Tennessee regiment, testified in detail to the prevalence of drunkenness on army transports and in the Philippines. Mr. Wells reported that in the Philippines he has made in lectures relative to the sale of liquor on the transports Zoolandia and Indiana, and related instances of alleged drunkenness at Manila, Iloilo and Cebu, as well as on the ships. When he referred by name to a Tennessee officer alleged to have been drunk, Representative Cox of Tennessee interposed an emphatic protest, saying that he would not hear this office malign. Something of a sensation was caused by the statement and the protest, but the committee determined to avoid personal disclosures, by not allowing names to be used. Mr. Wells proceeded, omitting names. He stated that at the request of the secretary of war he had filed a formal statement with the War department concerning these alleged acts. Representatives of the W. C. T. U. and other organizations also were heard as to a congressional enactment, making more clear the present law abolishing the army canten. The committee did not take final action on the subject.

NAVY IN SOUTHERN LUZON

Kobbe Gives Credit Liberally for Effective Co-operation.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The following cablegram has been received at the Navy department from Admiral Watson at Cavite: "General Kobbe gives great and well-earned credit to Rodgers and naval part of the combined expedition to southern Luzon, Catanduanes, Samar and Leyte, for its unqualified success. Rodgers commends Moore, commanding the Helena; Gilpin, commanding the Mariela; Reynolds, O'Brien, Moore, Cattamans and Cadet Evans. Gilpin was wounded by fragments of a Colt gun mechanism, interior explosion, February 1, during capture of Tacloban. Nearly ready for duty."

MR. KYLE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

Purges Himself of Populism by Attacking a Republican Caucus

Washington, Feb. 14.—The republican caucus of the senate today authorized its chairman, Senator Allison, to appoint a committee to arrange the order of business for the remainder of the session, but the selection was not announced. Senators who gave notice to the caucus that they would call up a bill providing a form of government for the Hawaiian Islands as soon as the vote should be taken on the currency bill tomorrow, and no disposition was manifested to antagonize him in this purpose. The caucus also discussed the question of the division of the minor patronage of the senate, but adjourned before concluding this portion of its work. Senator Kyle of South Dakota attended and participated in the proceedings of the caucus for the first time.

ASIA FOR AMERICA

To Offset Europe's Partitioning of Africa.

SCHURMAN IS QUOTED

As Predicting Expansion of This Wholesale Sort.

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 14.—President Jacob G. Sherman, of Cornell university, in delivering an address before the Business Men's association of Ithaca, spoke at some length on the issues arising out of the Philippine question. Regarding the commercial benefits which the United States is to derive as a result of the Spanish-American war, he said:

"The markets of the world are open to us, and receiving our products. The Spanish war gave us a solution to that question. That war was waged to drive from Cuba an effete European power, a government of tyranny. The irony of fate has followed up our late war, and paradox though it be, we are now an Asiatic power with new outlets for our products."

"These are hard facts," continued Mr. Schurman, "and as strange as they are true. Where England and Germany kept us from competition, it is now all our own and the lion's share is coming with it. We allowed Africa to be divided up from the allowed Africa to be sliced up by European powers. It is our crime. China has opened the doors to its four hundred million human souls for us. Russia, France, Germany and England were dividing that great empire as Africa was divided. We might have lost it. Englishmen were in dispute. Russia, Germany and France. But the United States government alone opened the doors of China and accomplished one of the greatest achievements in her history."

"Our flag is anchored in the Pacific; it is floating over the Philippines. Henceforth we are to be on an equal footing in Asia with Russia, Germany, France and England. But our mission is not alone to make money there, although Providence dropped the island into our lap. Eight million people with immortal souls have been redeemed from the tyranny of Asia and our mission is to share with them our highest American civilization and liberty. They will accept our flag and our education and the mission of peace will be completed. It will be their flag and ours, their glory and ours, their pride and ours, emblem of the Orient in its highest and noblest form."

A MISUNDERSTANDING

Misunderstood symptoms of disease lead doctors to treat something else when the kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health when other medicines have failed. Hocking Drug Co., Dockum & Higginson and G. Gehring.

Comic Valentine Caused It.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 14.—C. R. Sawart, grocer, died morning from the effects of a shot fired by his son, aged 19, during a quarrel over a valentine. The son, who is in jail, says he was protecting his mother from an assault made on her last night by his father. Mr. Stewart had received an offensive valentine and had accused his wife of having sent it.

"I think I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Pain Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Herminie, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Pain Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by druggists.

QUARTER-BARREL BEER PACKAGE

Smallest Authorized in an Amendment Bill in the House.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The ways and means committee of the house today agreed to amend a bill of much interest to the brewing interests, abolishing what are known to the trade as sixth and eighth barrels, making quarter barrels the smallest authorized in an amendment bill in the house.

Keep Well with Good Food

Proper Selection of Food The Sure Way to Get Well And Keep Well. Use

GRAPE-NUTS

"While getting over the grip, and while my stomach was so irritable I could not eat anything without distress. I found I could take a dish of Grape-Nuts with rich milk, and feel built up like I had eaten a full meal, and yet have none of the unpleasant effects of indigestion. I wish people knew its worth."

"It seems to me to be a natural blessing and a physical tonic to use it to such good advantage. It is really the most nourishing and easily digested food I ever tried."—Mrs. Myra J. Tuller, 1223 Troost avenue, Kansas City, Mo.

Grape-Nuts Food is now recommended by physicians all over the United States. They know it contains the delicate particles of phosphate of potash obtained from the natural grains. This is the element nature uses with albumen of the food to build the soft gray substance in the nerve centers, brain and solar plexus. In the human body. The effect is in some ways like a stimulant, but does not wear off, for it is a natural rebuilding.

Grape-Nuts can be made into a Great many different and palatable dishes. The Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., the pure food manufacturers, offer to pay a reasonable sum for new and desirable recipes which may meet with their approval. Ladies are requested to experiment and send in their recipes. As an illustration: A most delicious mock pumpkin pie can be made from Grape-Nuts after the following recipe: Pour boiling water over 4 cup Grape-Nuts. Let stand 10 minutes; add 2 eggs, 4 table-spoons of sugar, 2 cups sweet milk, 1-2 teaspoon of ginger, 1 teaspoon mixed spices. Stir over slow fire until thoroughly boiled. Bake 45 minutes in deep pan. When done, put in prepared Grape-Nuts, return to oven and bake.

smallest packages of this character authorized by law. The small sizes have been easily lost, and, as the commissioner of internal revenue reported that no diminution of revenue would result from the change, the committee decided to yield to the request of the trade in this particular. Mr. Dooliver was authorized to report a substitute, which differs from the original only in phraseology.

LEGAL BATTLE FOR MILLIONS

Erick-Carnegie Contest Will Be One of the Century's Greatest

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 14.—The announcement in the papers today that the long-drawn-out clash of the steel kings had been finally precipitated by H. C. Erick filing the widely-heralded suit against Andrew Carnegie and the Carnegie Steel company, praying for an equitable accounting of the ex-chairman's stock holdings in the giant steel concern, created a sensation in financial and manufacturing circles here, and was the principle topic throughout the city. The suit is regarded as the most important ever filed in connection with the steel business, and it is said more money is at stake than in any legal proceedings ever brought in this country in which all the parties were simply citizens. Steel manufacturers view the trouble as a bitter personal struggle to supremacy, and are watching each move with intense interest.

The legal talent called into action by the suit is an array of the giants of the profession in this state, with probable luminaries of national repute yet to be included. On Mr. Erick side are John G. Johnson of Philadelphia, who stands at the head of the equity lawyers of the city and, perhaps, of the state, and who has been engaged in some of the greatest legal battles of the country; David T. Watson of Pittsburgh, (an attorney scarcely less widely known, and whose prowess in the civil courts of the state have been proved time and again, in cases where vast amounts of money were at stake, and finally Willis F. McCook, for years the personal counselor and intimate friend of Mr. Erick, whose ability in handling the affairs of big corporations has put him in the front rank of the Allegheny county bar.

Strangely enough, Attorney Watson is the man who originally drew up the now famous "ironclad" agreement for Andrew Carnegie and which he has now been retained to find a flaw in and have declared invalid. It is said that Mr. Watson secured the best part of three months in drafting this instrument, and when finished declared that it was the strongest paper of the kind he had ever formulated.

As yet little has come to light of the plans made by Andrew Carnegie to defend his company's interests, although it is almost certain that Dalgell, Scott & Gordon have been at work for days in the Carnegie defense. Congressman John Dalzell, the senior member of this law firm, is not in Pittsburgh, and so far has attended none of the conferences which are reported to have recently taken place in the steel company.

Representatives in the steel company, but he will likely take a hand before long. Other prominent lawyers of both city and New York are mentioned as having been retained by Mr. Carnegie, but just who will really be opposed to the legal array on Mr. Erick's side cannot certainly be ascertained until a day or two has passed and an answer is made to the bill.

Attorney McCook said today that he confidently expected the suit to come to trial before midsummer and probably much earlier.

At noon today no notice of the suit had been served upon the defendants or their counsel. Secretary Moreland of the Carnegie Steel company, said that he had not seen the bill and refused to talk about it. When the McCook bill anything to give out, he said, it would come through the regular channel. Dalzell, Scott & Gordon, the defendant's counsel, were equally reticent. President C. M. Schwab, who is looked upon as Mr. Carnegie's personal representative during his absence from the city, left for Washington, D. C., last night. It is supposed that he is on his way to see Mr. Carnegie, who is at Dunfermline, Scotland, visiting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Thomas M. Carnegie. George Lander, director and consulting partner in the Carnegie company, and who stands very close to Mr. Carnegie, was also out of the city, he having left for the south a few days ago. He is supposed to be with Mr. Carnegie at Dunfermline.

A call on Mr. Erick and his counsel, Willis F. McCook, elicited nothing new, both gentlemen declining to say anything at this time.

Late this afternoon the papers in the suit were served on the attorneys for the Carnegie company, Dalzell, Scott & Gordon. The defendants have fifteen days in which to file a demurrer or an answer to the bill. The attorneys for the company were unanimous in their refusal to discuss the bill, and say that nothing will be given out for publication until after their papers are filed.

From one of the attorneys interested in the statement was had that the action of Mr. Erick precludes the possibility of the case going to a higher body than the supreme court of Pennsylvania. There jurisdiction ends, so far as known at present, and that body will probably decide the controversy finally.

It was intimated today by one on the inside that the basis of the defense will be that the ironclad agreement was a legal and binding document; that the book valuations of the holdings of the different gross earnings of the company are greater; that the book valuations are exactly what the properties would bring with the mortgages cleared off and other obligations settled.

Fernandina, Fla., Feb. 14.—It was definitely ascertained today that Andrew Carnegie is with his sister-in-law, Mrs. Lucy Carnegie, at Dunfermline, on Cumberland Island. An effort made to see Mr. Carnegie failed. Colonel Page, manager of Mrs. Carnegie's estate, informed the reporter that Mr. Carnegie positively declined to be interviewed relative to the suit filed against him in Pittsburgh by H. C. Erick. Mr. Carnegie is visiting here for rest and recuperation, and it is understood that one of his attorneys is with him at Dunfermline.

LEVEL OF THE GREAT LAKES

To Be Raised if a Bill Proposed Becomes Law.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The river and harbor committee today gave its backing on the proposition to construct a dam for the purpose of raising the level of the Great Lakes. George Y. Wisner, a member of the deep waterway committee, who reported in favor of the project, explained it in detail and urged its feasibility. Major Simmons of the engineer corps in charge of operations where the proposed dam would be located, said the project was so vast that a commission of eminent experts should be appointed to make special investigation of the plan. Representative Corlies of Michigan spoke in favor of the project.

Joliet, Ill., Feb. 14.—One workman was killed, two badly injured, and several others slightly hurt today by the collapse of the heavy steel structure covering the east house of the Illinois Steel company were buried in the debris.



MONDAY.

It all depends upon what you want in a soap.

If you require simply a dirt remover, almost any soap will do. But if you care at all about the thing which is to be washed, you must think twice before you act. Any soap will clean linens and muslins, but Ivory Soap leaves them as white as snow. Any soap will clean sheets and table cloths, but Ivory Soap leaves no coarse, strong odor. Try it once!

IT FLOATS.

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Students Adopt Strike Methods.

Golden, Colo., Feb. 14.—The entire freshman class of the state school of mines went on strike today. They claim that injustice has been done in dropping eighteen members of the class for failure to pass an examination in descriptive geometry and have presented to the faculty a demand that these men shall be allowed to go on with their studies.

If the reader of this should chance to know of anyone who is subject to attacks